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RUSSIA MUST BE FREED FROM BOLSHIEVSKI

KEEP PREPARED,
WOOD'S WARNINGPeace Can Be Insured
Only by Keeping
Fit to Fight

ARMY TO REMAIN BIG

March Decides to Main-
tain More Than Half
Million Under Arms.

MILLION FACED THE ENEMY

Wonderful Effectiveness of
American Forces Shown
by Statistics.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the central department, in the first public address he has made in many months, today warned the American public not to let "anything, whether a league of nations, a Hague tribunal or an international arbitration system, replace a policy of sound, rational preparedness" if the country is to remain in a state of peace.

The general declared that "verbal" message, however skillfully applied, will not maintain a permanent peace.

He reiterated his well known stand for universal military training, asserting that whatever may be said by its opponents there was "nothing but sound sense."

Referring to the period of demobilization as the most dangerous of the war, General Wood urged "national, kindly consideration" of the problem of unemployed soldiers, stating that general demobilization among the discharged troops would be "what we do not want to see in this country. They have done their work; let us do ours."

MARCH TO KEEP HALF
MILLION UNDER ARMS.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—That General March proposed to keep the United States prepared for any eventuality until congress shall have forced a reduction in the armed forces of the nation was indicated today when the chief of staff gave out a statement saying he proposed to keep 500,000 officers and men in the service until congress orders otherwise.

The statement was made in connection with the information that the general is being held back from his regular army. Men now overseas who desire to enlist in the regular establishment, General March said, would be accepted and assigned to regular organizations in the army of occupation, releasing other men to be discharged.

1,300,000 Faced Enemy.

American troops actually participating in engagements against the enemy numbered 1,300,000 men, General March announced today, showing that 1,100,000 comprised divisional troops and divisions, 240,000 corps and army troops and 50,000 service of supply troops.

Demobilization reports made published by General March showed 1,341,523 men numbered 419,555, of whom 341,524 had landed in the United States up to yesterday.

SIAM EQUAL TO AMERICA
UNDER PROPOSED LEAGUE

CHICAGO, March 8.—Senator-elect McMill McCormick of Illinois in a speech tonight before a Swedish republican club declared that under the proposed league of nations, Siam would have an equal vote with the United States, which would have one—that foreign powers could send American soldiers to fight and could decide questions relative to the Monroe doctrine.

After saying that the draft of the constitution of the league of nations proposed to fix the relative military and naval strength of the members, Senator McCormick said England, France, the greatest army because of population to Germany.

Railroaders Ask Raise.
WASHINGTON, March 8.—Several hundred thousand railroad shop employees have asked the railroad administration to increase their wages about 25 per cent. The board of railroad wages and working conditions has agreed tentatively to bear their case next Wednesday.

Title To Tulsa Fair
Grounds Soon To Be
Finally Cleared Up

World's Washington Bureau.
Post Building.
WASHINGTON, March 8.—Congressman E. B. Howard today saw Indian Commissioner Sells in reference to selling and clearing up the title of the Tulsa Fair grounds. Commissioner Sells assured him he will at once take action to clear up the matter. City commissioners of Tulsa wired to Congressman Howard about the matter yesterday.

Congressman Howard also conferred with officials at the war department and was assured that the department will furnish an instructor and equipment for the Claremore military school, which is to be a reserve officers' training camp school.

Governor Robertson will, under the regulations, have to make formal application for the equipment.

Congressman Howard left for Oklahoma tonight. Will arrive in Tulsa Monday. He will be away from Washington two weeks. His office is in charge of secretary and his son during his absence.

Bert Chandler leaves for home Sunday on a trip hurried because of message announcing serious illness of his father.

PHONE RESOLUTION
DOOMED TO FAILUREGovernor Opposed and Committee
Will Not Act Until Supreme
Court Takes Action.

OKLAHOMA CITY, March 8.—That the resolution to annul the constitutionality of the Bell Telephone company has hit the rocks due to Governor Robertson's sudden opposition to the measure and the attitude of the senate committee which is to consider the measure was the consensus of opinion in the legislature.

Senator W. P. Hill, McAlester, chairman of the senate committee on constitutional amendments, told the resolution has been referred said that the resolution will remain in his committee until after the supreme court has passed upon the appeal of the telephone company from the order of the district court of Oklahoma county restraining enforcement of the Harrison rate. That fact that the committee will not act in advance of court action in itself sounds the death knell of action by the legislature according to the opinion of supporters of the measure.

It is pointed out in this connection that if the supreme court should sustain the order of the district court of Oklahoma county, the telephone company will have 15 days in which to appeal. If it fails to do so, the rate will be in effect. By that time the session of the legislature will be over and the question will be threshed out in the courts.

It also is pointed out in this connection that if the supreme court should affirm the restraining order of the telephone company can still supersede the supreme court order by going to the supreme court of the United States.

Berlin Will Not Permit
Dictatorship in Bavaria

LONDON, March 8.—The German government has sent an ultimatum to Bavaria warning that the communist dictatorship will not be tolerated in the German confederation, according to a German wireless message picked up here today. Bavaria is warned that the new communist parliamentary rules, or otherwise, "the forces of the central government will be used to suppress the bolshevik government."

Transport Crippled.
NORFOLK, Va., March 8.—The transport Buford carrying more than 1,000 officers and men reported to be held in the Virginia capes late tonight. Reports to the naval base wireless stations said the transport was proceeding under convoy to Newport News.

America Will Suffer Unless
Soldiers Can Find Good Jobs

NEW YORK, March 8.—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the central department, in a speech here today referred to the period of demobilization as the most dangerous of the war and urged "practical, kindly consideration" of the problem of unemployed soldiers.

With "radicalism and wretched, miserable bolshevism" slaking through the country, said the army officer, "soldiers coming off a fertile field for its seeds of discontent if they were allowed to go home feeling that the country had not been as thoughtful of them as was their due."

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U. S. LOAN FUND
GROWING SMALLAllies Hereafter Will Be Able
to Borrow Only
\$1,158,000,000.

ELEVEN NOW ARE DEBTORS

England Owes Almost as
Much as All Others
Combined.

USES WILL BE RESTRICTED

After Peace Must Be Spent
for American Property
and Grain.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Future credit to the allies are now limited to \$1,158,000,000, the unused portion of the \$10,000,000,000 appropriation, according to a report issued today by the treasury. Until peace is declared this balance can be loaned to allies for any war purpose, but thereafter for a year and a half credits may be extended only to stable allies to purchase American property in Europe or elsewhere, and to finance allied purchases of wheat, the price of which has been guaranteed by the United States government.

The war department's liquidating commission, now in Europe, is expected to report soon the approximate value of railroad materials, army equipment and other property which the United States will have for sale in Europe. This report will shed some light on the volume of post-war credits which may be expected by this government. France and Belgium will be the largest borrowers for these purposes, since they are expected to acquire most of the railroad rolling stock, warehouses and other property offered for sale by the United States.

Eleven allies are now debtors of the United States. Credits have been established amounting to \$2,841,657,000, but \$410,239,000 of the sum, although subject to draft, has not yet been paid out of the treasury. Great Britain borrowed nearly as much as all other allies combined.

By nations, credits established, and the balances still subject to draft are as follows:

	Credits
Great Britain	\$1,254,481,000
France	2,417,477,000
Italy	1,450,000,000
Belgium	238,145,000
Russia	225,000,000
Greece	32,554,000
Czechoslovakia	35,000,000
Yugoslavia	12,000,000
Cuba	15,000,000
Rumania	10,000,000
Libania	5,000,000

Balance

	Balance
Great Britain	\$2,241,000,000
France	20,000,000
Italy	10,000,000
Belgium	60,000,000
Greece	137,570,000
Czechoslovakia	20,000,000
Yugoslavia	10,000,000
Cuba	5,000,000
Rumania	5,000,000
Libania	4,988,000

Baker and March Will
Visit Army Cantonments

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Secretary Baker and General March, chief of staff, will leave Washington tomorrow on a three weeks tour of inspection of the army camps in the west, on the Pacific coast and along the Mexican border. The first stop will be at Fort Ord, Camp Grant, where they will be inspected, and the official party plans to take the camps in succession from there to Camp Lewis, Washington. The route then leads to San Francisco, to Camp Kearney and then along the Mexican border.

Hoarders Fined

Maryland and Fritz Chandler, found guilty of hoarding flour during war time, were today fined \$1,000 by Judge Williams. They paid the fine.

Hungary's Army to Be
Exclusively Volunteers

BUDAPEST, March 7.—Plans have been completed for the formation of a Hungarian army on a volunteer basis. The Hungarian army hereafter will comprise six divisions.

"Some of these men wearing the uniform of our country, lack work, funds, a place to sleep, even food. Some of them have wasted their money, thousands have been damaged and robbed. Many of them are unreasonable, irritable as a result of shell shock or the constant mental photograph before them of slaughtered human beings. But they are our soldiers and we must return them honorably to private life."

The general declared that men discharged from the training camps were entitled to as much consideration as those returning from Europe. He called upon his audience, composed of wealthy business men of the Methodist faith, to lend their aid here and throughout the country to the task of providing work for every soldier in need of it.

American Battle
Casualties Reach
Total of 240,197

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Battle casualties of the American army in France as shown by revised divisional records, announced today by General March, totaled 240,197. These include killed in action, wounded, missing in action and prisoners. There probably will be some slight further revision as final reports are received.

The battle casualty figures now announced include the totals wounded which were not included in the table of major casualties recently made public by the war department. The new list includes: 20th (Texas and Oklahoma), 9,190; 63d, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, 5,306; 25th, Missouri, Kansas, 7,745; 29th, Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, 7,093; 35th, (Texas and Oklahoma), 2,397; 39th, (Negro national army), 1,799; Third (regular), 16,355; Fourth (regular), 12,948; Fifth (regular), 8,260; 72d, Western New York, New Jersey, Delaware, 8,133; 23rd, Illinois, 7,860; 29th, New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, Maryland, District of Columbia, 5,974; 21st, Alaska, Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, 5,878; 30th, Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, 5,125; 37th, Ohio, 4,303; 27th, Pennsylvania, eastern Maryland, District of Columbia, 3,233; 16th, (regular), 1,546; 41st, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Porto Rico, 1,062; 38th, (regular), 285; 88th, North Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, West Illinois, 61.

CANADIAN RIOTERS TREAT
OFFICERS COURTEOUSLY

LONDON, March 8.—General Colquhoun in the course of a statement on the rioting of Canadian soldiers at Kinnell said that no attack was made on the officers who were treated with courtesy.

"I, myself, went in and out among the men freely," he added, "and some of them actually put down loot in order to salute me—then they picked up the loot again."

"The girls camp was not attacked. As a matter of fact the girls were treated with the utmost civility. No man entered the girls' rooms while they were occupied."

"One man raised the red flag in an attempt to introduce bolshevism. He was shot."

QUARREL OVER 60 CENTS;
FLORIST SHOT TO DEATH

TEXARKANA, Ark., March 8.—During a quarrel over 60 cents' worth of flowers, Peter W. Mackley, a florist, was shot and killed and his wife wounded. Jeff Hines, an express driver, is being held in custody, but no formal charge has been filed against him.

Journalist Is Elected
Württemberg President

STUTTGART, March 8.—Herr Rios, president of the state council of Wurttemberg, has been elected president of the state of Wurttemberg.

The Herr Rios referred to is a probably Wilhelm J. Rios, a journalist and author. Before the fall of the monarchy he was leader of the social democrats in Wurttemberg.

Slovakia in State of
Siege Because of Plot

PRIBOR, March 8.—The Czechoslovak military command has proclaimed a state of siege throughout Slovakia as the result of the discovery of a German-Magyar plot, according to the newspapers here. By proclaiming a state of siege the Czech government hopes to forestall disorders and protect traffic.

Tanks Will Be in Action At
the War Exposition Tonight

"We have a regular show and if the weather will give us a chance this week we are going to have a show with tanks," Elmer Deady, field clerk in charge of arrangements for the National War Exposition, said Sunday as he carefully surveyed the tanks of the French town in the enclosed lot at Fourth and Elgin streets.

Saturday night St. Petersburg was a ruined village for auro and it was not from the effects of the battle the night before, either, but from the tanks and the battle look like the original Flanders plains which has become synonymous with mud.

It is a comparatively easy matter to repair the battered and the village after the commanding and infantry charges, but the rain is a different matter. Deady declared that the tanks will be in action at both the afternoon and night performances.

The war exposition, in addition to the tanks, will include many educational features. It is the government's purpose to show just what are the enormous expenses of a nation at war and in this way impress on the people the necessity of supporting the coming Liberty bond campaign and keeping up the purchase of Liberty bonds.

All lamps and carnival features in connection with the exposition will be discontinued this week.

U. S. DELEGATES
TO DECIDE FUSSEngland Wants Germany to
Revive Business and
Pay Off Debts.

FRANCE OPPOSED TO IDEA

Would Build Up Own Industries
Before Rival Gets
Foothold.

AMERICA MUST TIP SCALES

Present Leaning Is Toward
British in Order to Get
Indemnities.

PARIS, March 8.—The American peace commissioners, in pursuance of their effort to hasten the conclusion of the preliminary treaty of peace, have found themselves in a position where they must take sides on the conflicting views of the British and the French regarding the reparation to be exacted from Germany, upon which the whole settlement hinges.

The British feel that in order to secure the great sum of money to be demanded of the Germans the latter must be enabled to receive at the earliest possible moment food and raw materials and even credits with which to start business again so that out of the proceeds of that business they might pay their debts.

The French do not believe that the German business interests should be permitted to get back on their feet until they have paid the reparations due to the Allies. They believe that the German business interests should be kept in a state of paralysis until they have paid the reparations due to the Allies.

The American peace commissioners are trying to decide what shall be the relations between the United States and the allies and the recent enemy states after the war. In this connection the American delegation is pointing to the pledge made in the acceptance of President Wilson's 14 points by the allies when the armistice was concluded, that there would be no discrimination in tariffs or other trade arrangements between any of the nations. At the same time it is urged that in the allotment of materials preference should be given to Belgium and France.

Another question under consideration is the relations between the former enemy states and neutral states and what measures of control should be exercised by the entente in the matter.

Still another question as to what extent if at all, the Germans would be permitted to continue after the war the system of cartels, or combinations of producers, through which they mastered the world's trading in goods, especially in chemicals, potash and sugar.

HUNDRED THOUSAND YANKS
HERE DISABLED IN THE WAR

WASHINGTON, March 8.—President's estimate of military authorities put the number of Americans disabled in the war at 100,000. Of this number it is estimated that 80,000 were able to return to their old occupations, leaving 20,000 who need retraining for work suited to their physical condition.

The federal board for vocational education appealing to the country today for aid in the campaign to make disabled soldiers self-sufficient by making them self-supporting announced that so far 15,000 injured have been approved and 500 actually have started courses in re-education.

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"Her" President Triumphs



Countess Karolyi, Wife of Count Michael Karolyi, President of Hungary.

ZURICH, March 8.—A plot to overthrow the new republic in Hungary and restore the emperor to the throne has been discovered and frustrated. The plot was discovered by the Hungarian government and the emperor's supporters. The plot was discovered by the Hungarian government and the emperor's supporters.

HOOVER TO CONTROL
AUSTRIAN RAILWAYS

Food Administrator Given Unlimited
Powers to Relieve Starving
Peoples of Nation.

PARIS, March 8.—The supreme war council has decided to give Herbert H. Hoover, director general of Allied relief, practical control of each of the new states of old Austria empire and to make him the mandator of the council in demanding locomotives and freight cars from each of the new states of old Austria with which to create a food and relief service. The relief trains will run over all lines without political or military interference.

The service will be under the re-education administration headed by Mr. Hoover. He has placed the matter in the hands of American army engineers for execution. The engineers have been delayed by General Berthel.

CUBAN STRIKE BELIEVED
TO BE NEAR SETTLEMENT

HAVANA, March 8.—All Cuba is awaiting the tidings that once again the employers and employees have reached an agreement through the efforts of President Menocal and that Cuba's third general strike has been settled.

A number of conferences were held today and it is understood that the employers expressed a willingness to grant a slight increase in wages over their former proposals with certain other modifications.

Commission to Look Into
Trouble in the Balkans

PARIS, March 8.—The supreme council today appointed a commission to go to Laibach to investigate recent incidents there between the Italians and the Jugoslavs. The commission is composed of Major General C. G. Treat of the American army; Major General Gordon, Great Britain; Major General Savy, France; and Major General Segre, Italy.

Peruvian Rioters Seized
After a Bloody Mutiny

LIENOR AIRE, March 8.—Two hundred Peruvian officers and soldiers have been arrested in Lima after a sanguinary mutiny which threatened to lead to a revolution, according to a dispatch. Santiago, Chile, to La Prensa. The outbreak is said to have been caused by the issuance of a proclamation naming candidates for the presidency of Peru.

Five Years for Embellishment,
Special to The World

ST. LOUIS, March 8.—John E. Spangler, former cashier of the Bartlesville National bank, who pleaded guilty to embellishing the bank's funds, was today sentenced to five years in prison by Federal Judge Williams. Spangler, after tapping the bank's strong box, fled to New York with another man and was arrested there and brought back.

Germany to Win War
Unless Lenine and
Trotzky Fall.

WARNING BY FRANCIS

Huns Will Be All-Power-
ful in Ten Years With
Russia.

ROBINS IS ENVOY OF REDS

Came to United States to
Win America Over to
the Bolsheviki.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—David R. Francis, who went to Russia as American ambassador in 1916, before the overthrow of the monarchy, and who remained there until after the bolsheviks had seized the government, in testifying today before the senate committee investigating lawless propaganda, warned that should the bolsheviks be permitted to remain in power, all Russia would be exploited by the Germans. Within ten years, under such conditions, he said, Germany would be the victor of the war, in that the nation would be stronger in every way than it was in 1914.

Ambassador Francis told the committee that a complete and thorough understanding of the Russian menace convinced him that with the bolsheviks in power in Russia, peace not only in Europe but throughout the entire world was an utter impossibility. He said that even now there was good reason for believing that German and Austrian officers were with the red forces operating in northern Russia and he added that the Germans steadily were getting a grip on the vital of Russia and her industries.

Robins Bolsheviki Envoy.

Mr. Francis further testified that information had reached him that Raymond Robins, former American Red Cross commissioner to Russia, had upon his return to the United States carried a proposal from the bolshevik government to President Wilson. This proposal he said he understood was an offer of certain concessions to the American government similar to those granted Germany in the treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

Lenine Hun Agent.
Lenine was described by Francis as the "brain" of the bolshevik movement, a man of great intellect, fanatical but possessing sincere convictions, and from the first a German agent who "supports Russia and the German cause with German money he cleverly dissembles."

Kerensky made a fatal mistake when he did not imprison both Lenine and Trotzky and have them tried for treason before they were able to overthrow the constituent assembly elected under a system formulated by the Kerensky government, Francis said.

Lenine and Trotzky from the outset have represented only 10 per cent of the 181,000,000 people in Russia, who occupy government of the dry land of the whole world, Francis added. By the use of German money and the creation of a reign of terror, Lenine and Trotzky have been able to bring about the Russian peasantry into submitting to their domination, he explained.

NEW INTERNATIONAL RED
CROSS IS CONTEMPLATED

NEW YORK, March 8.—Plans for organization of an international Red Cross to be led by the American Red Cross in a great peace time campaign to prevent disease, relieve suffering and "make the world what the war was fought for a better place to live in" were outlined by Dr. Livingston Farrand, newly appointed chairman of the central committee of the American Red Cross at a conference of Atlantic division chapter delegates here today. About 1,500 delegates were present. The delegates immediately after his address which was the first public discussion of peace time aims of the organization since his recent appointment as its head by President Wilson. Dr. Farrand called for peace to prepare for an international conference of Red Cross societies which will meet in Geneva 30 days after the signing of peace. The international organization will be proposed at this conference.

Muskegon Banks Merge.

SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.
MUSKEGON, March 8.—The Guaranty State bank was today merged with the Muskegon National bank, the latter increasing its capital to \$100,000 and the officers of each concern going on the directorate of the National bank. J. W. Gill, president of the bank under the new condition of affairs. It is understood he will be active in conducting the bank's affairs. A. C. Trumbo is president.